

Building Development Services 315 King Street West P.O. Box 640 Chatham, Ontario N7M5K8 Tel: (519) 360-1998 Fax: (519) 436-3215

□ Lot within Plan of Subdivision	☐ Existing In-fill Lot
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Application for a Permit to Construct or DemolishThis form is authorized under subsection 8(1.1) of the Building Code Act.

	For use by	Principa	I Authority				
Application number:		Permit	number (if diffe	erent):			
Date received:		Roll nu	mber:				
Application submitted to: (Name of municipality)	y, upper-tier mui	nicipality,	board of health	or conse	rvation authority)		
A. Project information					1		
Building number, street name					Unit number		Lot/con
Municipality	Postal code		Plan number/o	ther des	scription		
Project value est. \$	•		Area of work (r	m ²)			
B. Purpose of application			l				
New construction Addition t existing b		☐ Altera	ation/repair		Demolition		Conditional Permit
Proposed use of building	Curre	ent use of	building				
Description of proposed work C. Applicant Applicant is:	I Owner or	Į.	■ Authorized	agent o	of owner		
Last name	First name		Corporation or	partners	ship		
Street address	1		<u> </u>		Unit number		Lot/con.
Municipality	Postal code		Province		E-mail	I	
Telephone number	Fax				Cell number		
D. Owner (if different from applicant)					1		
Last name	First name		Corporation or	partners	ship		
Street address					Unit number		Lot/con.
Municipality	Postal code		Province		E-mail		
Telephone number	Fax				Cell number		

E. Builder (optional)						
Last name	First name	Corporation or partnersh	hip (if app	olicable)		
					T	
Street address			Unit nur	mber	Lot/con.	
Municipality	Postal code	Province	E-mail			
1 ostal code 1 lovince 2 li						
Telephone number	Fax		Cell nur	mber		
F. Tarion Warranty Corporation (Ontario		· · ·				
 i. Is proposed construction for a new hor Plan Act? If no, go to section G. 	me as defined in the Onto	ario New Home Warranties	S	□ Y	es 🗖	No
ii. Is registration required under the Onta	rio New Home Warrantie	es Plan Act?		☐ Y	es 🗖	No
iii. If yes to (ii) provide registration numbe	r(s):		-			
G. Required Schedules						
i) Attach Schedule 1 for each individual who rev	iews and takes responsil	oility for design activities.				
ii) Attach Schedule 2 where application is to con	struct on-site, install or re	epaira sewage system.				
H. Completeness and compliance with	applicable law					
i) This application meets all the requirements of Building Code (the application is made in the applicable fields have been completed on the schedules are submitted).	correct form and by the application and required	owner or authorized agent I schedules, and all requir	ed		es 🗖	No
Payment has been made of all fees that are r regulation made under clause 7(1)(c) of the E is made.				□ Y	es 🗖	No
ii) This application is accompanied by the plans a resolution or regulation made under clause 7			law,	□ Y	es 🗖	No
iii) This application is accompanied by the information and documents prescribed by the applicable by-law, resolution or regulation made under clause 7(1)(b) of the <i>Building Code Act, 1992</i> which enable the chief building official to determine whether the proposed building, construction or demolition will contravene any applicable law.					No	
iv) The proposed building, construction or demol	ition will not contravene	any applicable law.		□ Y	es 🗖	No
I. Declaration of applicant					<u>'</u>	
1				de	clare that:	
	(print name)					
The information contained in this applic documentation is true to the best of my If the owner is a corporation or partners	knowledge.				ner attached	
Date	Signature o	f applicant			_	

Personal information contained in this form and schedules is collected under the authority of subsection 8(1.1) of the *Building Code Act, 1992*, and will be used in the administration and enforcement of the *Building Code Act, 1992*. Questions about the collection of personal information may be addressed to: a) the Chief Building Official of the municipality or upper-tier municipality to which this application is being made, or, b) the inspector having the powers and duties of a chief building official in relation to sewage systems or plumbing for an upper-tier municipality, board of health or conservation authority to whom this application is made, or, c) Director, Building and Development Branch, Ministry of Municipal Affairs and Housing 777 Bay St., 2nd Floor. Toronto, M5G 2E5 (416) 585-6666.

Schedule 2: Sewage System Installer Information

A. Project Information				
Building number, street name	Building number, street name			Lot/con.
Municipality	Postal code	Plan number/ other des	scription	
B. Sewage system installer				
Is the installer of the sewage system engagemptying sewage systems, in accordance				ervicing, cleaning or
☐ Yes (Continue to Section C)	· ·	Continue to Section E)		inknown at time of
Too (continue to content o)	_ 110 (Continue to Coolien Ly		n (Continue to Section E)
C. Dawietewad imptalled information	un (vultare anav	ron to D is "Vee"		
C. Registered installer information	on (wnere answ	rer to B is Tes)	BCIN	
. tame				
Street address			Unit number	Lot/con.
Municipality	Postal code	Province	E-mail	
Telephone number	Fax		Cell number	
D. Qualified supervisor information	on (where ansv	wer to section B is "Yes	")	
Name of qualified supervisor(s)		Building Code Identificat	ion Number (BCIN)
tame of qualified capervisor(c)				
E. Declaration of Applicant:				
E. Declaration of Applicant:				
•	orint name)			
E. Declaration of Applicant: Ideclare that: (p	print name)			
Ideclare that: (p	to construct the s		er is unknown at time	e of application, I shall
Ideclare that: (p	to construct the s		er is unknown at time	e of application, I shall
Ideclare that: (pure submit a new Schedule 2 prior to OR	to construct the so construction who	en the installer isknown;		
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Ideclare that: (pure submit a new Schedule 2 prior to OR I am the holder of the permit to continuous.	to construct the so construction who	en the installer isknown; age system, and am submitt	ing a new Schedule	
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INDIVIDUAL SEWAGE TREATMENT WORKSHEET

(For Sanitary sewage system of less than 10,000 Litres/day)
On Completion the Diagram is to be provided to the Building Department

STEP 1- DETERMINING NUMBER OF FIXTURE UNITS

A fixture unit is a unit of measure used to determine the hydraulic (water) loading of any water-generating fixture.

Determine the number of fixture units in your home by using the below table.

You <u>MUST</u> include all fixtures in the house even if they will be installed in the future (i.e. roughed-in plumbing, sauna, etc.)

	No. in house	X Fixture unit	=	Total No. of Fixtures
Any full bathroom groups with a toilet, basin, bath/shower		X 6	=	
Any Additional:				
Washbasins		X 1 ½	=	
Shower or tubs		X 1 ½	=	
Toilets		X 4	=	
Bidet		X 1	=	
Urinal				
Pedestal		X 4	=	
Stall		X 2	=	
Wall		X 1 ½	=	
Sink or laundry tub		X 1 ½	=	
Dishwasher		X 1 ½	=	
Washing Machine		X 1 ½	=	
Kitchen sink		X 1 ½	=	
Sauna		X 1 ½	=	
Floor drain (if going into septic system)		X 3	=	

GRAND TOTAL=	

STEP 2- DETERMINING DAILY DESIGN SANITARY SEWAGE FLOWS (Q)

A)	Total Amount of Finished Floor Area:
	(Square footage or square metres of house)
	To calculate square metres from square feet multiply by 0.093
,	Number of Bedrooms: (Also includes dens, libraries, study, sewing room, hobby room as these rooms could be converted to bedrooms in the future, bedrooms located in the basement and/or attic must also be included)
,	Number of Fixture Units: (Determined in Step 1)

Based on the above calculations, use the chart below to determine Total Daily Design Sewage Flow.

Residential Occupancy	Volume (Litres)
Dwellings:	
a) 1 bedroom dwelling	750
b) 2 bedroom dwelling	1100
c) 3 bedroom dwelling	1600
d) 4 bedroom dwelling	2000
e) 5 bedroom dwelling	2500
f) Additional flow for:	
i) Each bedroom over 5	500
ii) Each 10m ² (or part thereof) over 200m ²	100
OR	
iii) Each fixture unit over 20 fixture units	50

Total Daily Design Sanitary Sewage Flow (Q)______ litres.

STEP 3- DETERMINING SEPTIC TANK SIZE

A septic tank must be big enough to hold several days' worth of sewage and shaped so that the flow through the tank is slow. When sewage enters the tank, solid material will settle to the bottom as sludge, while fats and grease rise to the top to form a scum. If the system is working well, the liquid portion that flows out of the tank will be relatively clear, although it still will have an odour and carry disease. This liquid should not go anywhere except to either a tertiary treatment or to the leaching bed, depending on the type of septic system on your property. Be sure to have your septic tank emptied every 1 to 5 years by a certified sewage hauler.

Never allow sewage to flow into a ditch or watercourse. (Penalties under the definition of the Ontario Building Code Act, Section 36 (3), any person who is convicted of an offence is liable to a fine of no more than \$25,000 for the first offence and to a fine of no more than \$50,000 for a subsequent offence.)

The minimum working size (capacity) of a septic tank should equal or be greater than twice the daily design sanitary sewage flow (Q). In no case shall a septic tank be less than 3600 litres.

		ne g		

a)	Total Daily Design Sanitary Sewage Flow	multiplied by 2=	litres.
b)	3600 litres		

Septic Tank Size = _____ litres.

STEP 4- SOIL TYPES AND PRECOLATION RATES (T= TIME)

The suitability of the soil for absorbing, transporting and treating liquid waste depends on characteristics of the soil such as its grain size, density, moisture content, plastic properties and chemical composition. These characteristics must be assessed and a judgement must be made on the percolative capacity of the soil for handling septic tank effluent. This must be done by an individual qualified to specify soil type according to the United Soil Classification System.

From the soil investigation:	Qualified Soils Person should see la	ast page of this package)

Soil Type:			
T-Time: _			

STEP 5- DETERMINING DRAINFIELD LENGTH

Now that the daily design sanitary sewage flow (Q from Step 2) and the percolation rate (T-Time from Step 4) have been selected, the drain field length can be calculated. As a minimum, the total length of distribution piping must be 40 metres or greater unless it is a shallow buried trench, in which case the total length of the distribution pipe must be 30 metres or greater. The following equations provide the method for calculating the total length of the distribution pipe for the different types of leaching beds. The length of distribution piping varies according to the daily design sanitary sewage flow and T-Time of the soil.

In these formulae, L= total length of distribution pipe in metres

Q= total daily design sanitary sewage flow in litres

T= the design percolation time

1. Every leaching bed from a septic tank treatment unit:

$$L = Q () x T ()$$

2. Leaching bed from a treatment unit that produces secondary or tertiary effluent:

$$L = \underline{Q()} \times T()$$
300

Total Distribution Pipe Length (Septic Field) = _____ metres.

NOTE: Any Septic field over 150 metres in length requires a pump or siphon system.

STEP 6- DIAGRAM OF PROPOSED WORKS

- 1. Be neat. Use a ruler.
- 2. This diagram does not have to be to scale, however, if it is not to scale, all distances must be marked clearly. If the lot is very large, you need only indicate the area affected around the house.
- 3. Measure and record the distances to the nearest centimetre from the edge of septic field to:
 - a) The house
 - b) Your well and the neighbours wells
 - c) The road or street, any ditches or drains, and any slopes or dramatic grade changes
 - d) Any buildings or structures within 5 metres of the septic field, including patio, gazebo, deck, and swimming pool
- 4. The septic field should always be installed with the distribution lines running at right angles to the slope of the land. The distribution lines should be spaced 1.6 metres apart minimum.
- 5. A septic tank may not be located closer than 15 metres to a well, lake, pond, reservoir, river, spring or stream, and 1.5 metres from a structure. The septic tank should always be placed in a location that will permit easy access for routine maintenance (i.e. pumping trucks). A deck, gazebo, playground or above pool must not be located over the septic field or mantle areas.
- 6. Note the type of water source that will service the dwelling, i.e. dug well, drilled well, municipal. Also note the neighbouring properties location of wells.

SEWAGE TREATMENT SYSTEM WORKSHEET

Total Number of Fixture Units	House/Cottage/Motel/Restaurant/etc
Number of Bedrooms Daily Design Sanitary Sewage Flow (Q) Septic Tank Size Soil Type Percolation Rate (T time) Total Distribution Pipe Length Show the following: - Property lines - All buildings - Road, driveways, trees, water courses (lake, rivers, municipal drains) - Location of existing or proposed wells - Proposed location of septic tank, distribution tile, mantle area	f.u.
Daily Design Sanitary Sewage Flow (Q)	_ Sq.Ft.
Septic Tank Size	_
Soil Type Percolation Rate (T time) Total Distribution Pipe Length SITE PLAN Show the following: Property lines All buildings Road, driveways, trees, water courses (lake, rivers, municipal drains) Location of existing or proposed wells Proposed location of septic tank, distribution tile, mantle area	_ litres
Percolation Rate (T time) Total Distribution Pipe Length SITE PLAN Show the following: Property lines All buildings Road, driveways, trees, water courses (lake, rivers, municipal drains) Location of existing or proposed wells Proposed location of septic tank, distribution tile, mantle area	_ litres
Total Distribution Pipe Length metres SITE PLAN Show the following: - Property lines - All buildings - Road, driveways, trees, water courses (lake, rivers, municipal drains) - Location of existing or proposed wells - Proposed location of septic tank, distribution tile, mantle area	_
Show the following: - Property lines - All buildings - Road, driveways, trees, water courses (lake, rivers, municipal drains) - Location of existing or proposed wells - Proposed location of septic tank, distribution tile, mantle area	_
Show the following: - Property lines - All buildings - Road, driveways, trees, water courses (lake, rivers, municipal drains) - Location of existing or proposed wells - Proposed location of septic tank, distribution tile, mantle area	_ metres
 Property lines All buildings Road, driveways, trees, water courses (lake, rivers, municipal drains) Location of existing or proposed wells Proposed location of septic tank, distribution tile, mantle area 	

SOIL INVESTIGATION REPORT

A. Company/ Individual undertaking soils investigation					
First Name		Last Name			
Address	City/ town		Postal Code		
Telephone Number		Fax Number			
B. Location of Property					
Municipality		Municipal Address			
Lot/Con		Plan #			
C. Sample Information					
Number of Samples Taken		Sample Number			
Soil Type		T-Time			
Water table found:		mm below ex	xisting grade.		
Signature			Date		

SOIL TYPES AND PERCOLATION RATES

SOIL TYPE	DESCRIPTION	PERCOLATION TIME (T)
Sand	Loose. Single grains. Can see individual grains. When squeezed in the hand, the soils mass falls apart when touched.	5-10 minutes/cm
Sandy Loam	Faint velvety feeling but with continued rubbing the gritty feeling of sand soon dominates.	10-12 minutes/cm
Loam	Feels velvety that becomes slightly gritty with continued rubbing. Holds a cast easily.	12-15 minutes/cm
Silty Loam	Holds a cast easily. Slight tendency to ribbon between thumb and forefinger. Rubbed surface has a broken rippled look.	15-20 minutes/cm
Clay Loam	Holds cast easily. Pinched between thumb and forefinger, it forms a ribbon. Soil is sticky and puddles easily.	20-50 minutes/cm
Clay	Cast can bear considerable handling without breaking. Forms a flexible ribbon with thumb and forefinger. Rubbed surface has smooth, satin feeling. Sticky when wet. Shiny surface when cut with knife.	>50 minutes/cm (unacceptable, needs imported soil)

MOIST CAST TEST

Compress some moist soil by clenching it in your hand. If the soil holds together (i.e. forms a cast) then test the strength of the cast by tossing it from hand to hand. The most durable it is, the more clay is present.

RIBBON TEST

Moist soil is rolled into a cigarette shape and then squeezed out between the thumb and forefinger to form the longest and thinnest ribbon possible. Soils with a high silt content will form flakes or peel-like thumb imprints rather than a ribbon.

IMPORTED SOIL

If the original soils are clay or there is a high ground water table or bedrock (within 1.5 metres) in the area of the septic field, acceptable fill may be imported. Use the T-Time (percolation time) of the imported fill. This T-Time may vary dramatically especially if the imported fill is mixed material or potentially contaminated fill. If this imported material is not clean, sandy loam or finely graded sandy material then the fill is unacceptable for use in leaching bed construction. Prior to the decision being made to import fill on any site, careful consideration must be given to existing lot grades and draining patterns, as well as the neighbouring properties grades and drainage patterns.

CLEARANCE FOR SEPTIC TANKS AND DRAINFIELDS

	To septic tank	To septic field
Building (includes decks & shed)	1.5m (5 ft.)	5m (15 ft.)
Property Lines	3m (10 ft.)	3m (10 ft.)
Well- Dug well, lake, creek	15m (50 ft.)	30m (100 ft.)
Well- Drilled well (casing to 6 metres)	15m (50 ft.)	15m (50 ft.)
Lakes, rivers, ponds etc. (not portable)	15m (50 ft.)	15m (50 ft.)

SAMPLE DIAGRAM

